CoSMed: A Confidentiality-Verified Social Media Platform

Thomas Bauereiß Armando Pesenti Gritti Andrei Popescu Franco Raimondi



Introduction

Security in web-based applications



theguardian

Facebook data-leaking bug exposes 6 million users' data

Facebook has admitted that bug caused the phone numbers and email addresses of users to be shared unintentionally



- Goal: Information flow control
 - not just access control!

Previous work

- Security framework: Bounded Deducibility Security (Kanav, Popescu, Lammich)
 - Highly expressive wrt. what information may be released and when
 - (Interactive) verification technique
- CoCon
 - Verified confidentiality of
 - papers,
 - reviews,
 - reviewer names,
 - discussions



CoSMed

 Prototype social media platform

Focus on confidentiality





Tailored for needs of a charity organization





Home

Submit a Post

Users

CoSMed

Logout thomas

Submit a Post

Title:

Tools

Text:

Does anybody have spare tools, for example a drilling machine?
Visibility: Public Friend
Browse No file selected.

Post

CoSMed	Post a Notice	Users	Logout	thomas
My Friend	ds			

User ID	Name	Action
armando		Remove
franco		Remove

Users

User ID	Name	Friend request			
franco		Friend.			
andrei		I would like to become your friend	Send		
armando		Friend.			
demo		I would like to become your friend	Send		

System Architecture



Security Requirements

- Confidentiality of
 - Friend-only posts
 - Text, image, and title updates
 - Friendship information
 - Who is friends with whom?



Bounded Deducibility Security

• Generalization of Nondeducibility (Sutherland, '86):

$$\forall t \in Sys, s \in List(Sec).$$

$$\exists t' \in Sys. O(t') = O(t) \land S(t') = s$$

where

- Sys ⊆ List(Trans) is the set of possible execution traces of a system (i.e., sequences of system transitions)
- $0: List(Trans) \rightarrow List(Obs)$ maps traces to observations
- $S: List(Trans) \rightarrow List(Sec)$ maps traces to secrets

Bounded Deducibility Security

• Adding declassification:

 $\forall t \in Sys, s \in List(Sec). \ (S(t), s) \in B \land \neg T(t) \\ \rightarrow (\exists t' \in Sys. O(t') = O(t) \land S(t') = s)$

where

- $B \subseteq List(Sec) \times List(Sec)$: declassification bound
 - Specifies which secrets have to be indistinguishable from which other secrets
- T: declassification trigger
 - If T is true, secret information is allowed to be declassified

Post Confidentiality

- Observations:
 - Actions (and outputs) performed by arbitrary but fixed set of users
- Secrets
 - Content updates of arbitrary but fixed post p



Post Confidentiality

- Declassification bound:
 - All secrets indistinguishable
- Declassification trigger:
 - Observer and post owner become friends or post becomes public

Too weak! What about "unfriending"?



Post Confidentiality

Distinguish two phasesMark transitions

Sec = Post_Content + {Open, Close}



Dynamic Declassification

Declassification bound for the closed phase:

BC(ul, ul')

Dynamic Declassification

... declassification bound for the open phase:

BC(ul, ul')

BO(ul, ul)

Dynamic Declassification

... iterated via mutual induction: B = BCBC(ul, ul')BO(ul, ul)last ul = last ul' BO(sl, sl') ... $BC(ul \cdot Open \cdot sl, ul' \cdot Open \cdot sl')$ BC(sl, sl') $BO(ul \cdot \text{Close} \cdot sl, ul \cdot \text{Close} \cdot sl')$

Verification

- Unwinding
 - Construct alternative trace incrementally
 - Strategy for when and how to:
 - match observable transitions in both traces
 - insert/delete secret transitions as required by bound
 - "Unwinding relation" between original and alternative states and remaining secrets
 - Proof of unwinding conditions

Verification



Conclusion

- CoSMed:
 - <u>https://cosmed.globalnoticeboard.com</u>
 - Social media platform tailored for charity organization
 - Verified dynamic confidentiality requirements
 - Lesson learned for BD Security: declassification bounds incorporating dynamic triggers
- Next step: CoSMeDis
 - Extension of CoSMed to distributed system
 - Compositionality result for BD Security